



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

any contagious venereal disease. He shall also require an affidavit of some disinterested credible person showing that said persons are not habitual criminals; the female is over the age of 18 years and the male is over the age of 21 years, unless the consent in writing is obtained of the father, mother, or other guardian of the person for whom the license is required in cases where the female is under the age of 18 years and the male is under the age of 21 years: *Provided*, That no consent shall be given nor license issued unless such female be over the age of 15 years. Said affidavit may be subscribed and sworn to before any person authorized to administer oaths. Anyone knowingly swearing falsely to the statements contained in the affidavit mentioned in this act shall be deemed guilty of perjury and punished as provided by the laws of the State of North Dakota.

SEC. 4. A license to marry shall not be issued to one under the influence of intoxicating liquor at the time of making application for license, and no marriage ceremony shall be performed when either or both of the contracting parties are under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any narcotic drug.

SEC. 5. For making an examination of either of the contracting parties to a marriage, and the affidavit required in this act, a physician may charge a fee of not to exceed \$2.

SEC. 6. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act, or any person knowingly swearing falsely to any of the statements contained in the affidavits mentioned in this act, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$500, or by imprisonment in the county jail not over 30 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

#### **Common Drinking Cups—Prohibited in Schools and Public Places. (Chap. 228, Act Mar. 1, 1913.)**

SECTION 1. The use of public drinking cups on railroad trains, in railroad stations, in the public, parochial, or private schools, and other educational institutions and other public buildings of the State of North Dakota, is hereby prohibited from and after September 1, 1913.

SEC. 2. No person or corporation in charge of any railroad train or station, no school board, board of education, town board of school directors, or board of trustees of any public, parochial, or private school or educational institutions and other public buildings shall furnish any drinking cups for public use, and no person or corporation shall permit upon said railroad trains or in station, or at any said public, parochial, or private school or educational institution the common use of drinking cups.

SEC. 3. Whosoever violates the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and shall be liable to a fine of not to exceed \$25 for each offense.

#### **Railway Coaches—Sweeping While Occupied by Passengers. (Chap. 231, Act Mar. 13, 1913.)**

SECTION 1. The sweeping of railroad coaches or cars while occupied by passengers, except such sweeping be done with a vacuum cleaner, or other similar device, or except when the floor of such car shall previously have been thoroughly moistened with water or oil, or by the use of sufficient sweeping compound to keep down the dust, is hereby prohibited.

SEC. 2. Any person or corporation violating the provisions of this act shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding \$25.

#### **Railroad Stations—Water Closets or Privies—Cleaning of Waiting Rooms. (Chap. 232, Act Feb. 25, 1913.)**

SECTION 1. *Closets, where provided.*—All railroad companies operating railroads in North Dakota shall provide and maintain at any and all railroad stations in the State where passengers' tickets are sold, within reasonable access of the depot, a water-

closet, earth-closet, or privy for the accommodation of railroad employees and the traveling public, or where a sewerage system is maintained within 300 feet of such station waiting room, then and in that case the water-closet shall be within the station house. Entirely separate compartments for men and women shall be provided. The water-closet, earth-closet, or privy for males shall also have urinals arranged with conduits of galvanized iron or other impervious material, draining into a sewer, vault, or other suitable place which will prevent the creation of a nuisance.

SEC. 2. *Authority to inspect.*—The board of railroad commissioners of the State or the local health officer or health commissioner of the township, incorporated village, or city in which the depot is located, shall have authority to inspect such water-closets, earth-closets, or privies from time to time, and if they are found to be in an insanitary condition, he or they shall notify the proper officials of the railroad company, stating in what respect such water-closets, earth-closets, or privies are insanitary, and it shall be the duty of the railroad company within a reasonable time, to make such alterations or repairs as will remove the insanitary conditions complained of.

SEC. 3. *Waiting rooms, how and when cleaned.*—The waiting rooms at the railroad stations in this State shall be scrubbed or washed at least once a week with some standard disinfectant, and such waiting rooms shall at all times be maintained in a comfortable and sanitary condition.

SEC. 4. *Repeal.*—Chapter 238 of the Session Laws of 1911 is hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. *Penalty.*—Any person, firm, or corporation failing to comply with the provisions of this act shall upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less than \$20 or more than \$100.

#### **Schools—Investigation of Insanitary Buildings and Defective Children. (Chap. 263, Act Mar. 11, 1913.)**

SECTION 1. That section 80 of chapter 266 of the Session Laws of 1911 be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 80. *County board of health.*—Whenever the county superintendent of schools shall report to the county board of health that a schoolhouse or any school outbuilding is in an insanitary or unsafe condition, or that any of the pupils or any person of school age is alleged to be defective in mind or body, it shall be the duty of the said board to investigate the report without delay and to direct the school board or a person in charge of the alleged defective to take such actions as shall seem to be for the best interests of the persons immediately concerned."

#### **Tuberculosis—Erection of Cottages by Fraternal Societies at State Sanitarium Authorized. (Chap. 286, Act Mar. 11, 1913.)**

SECTION 1. Any fraternal corporation or society organized under the laws of this State, or authorized to transact business in this State, is hereby empowered and authorized to build upon the site of the State tuberculosis sanitarium at Dunseith, in the county of Rolette, a cottage or cottages for the treatment of members of such corporations or societies and their families affected with pulmonary tuberculosis.

SEC. 2. Any such fraternal corporation or society desiring to construct a cottage or cottages, as provided in section 1 of this act, may make an application in writing to the board of trustees of the State tuberculosis sanitarium at Dunseith, or other governing board, setting forth in such application a description of the cottage or cottages desired by such corporation or society to be erected on such site, and the said board of trustees or other governing board and the superintendent of the State tuberculosis sanitarium may permit such corporation or society to erect any cottage, or cottages, as they may deem proper, and to construct any necessary sewerage, water mains, electric-light connections, telephone lines necessary for the use of such cottage or cottages so erected by such fraternal corporation or society; and the board